Under the Science and technology Agreement, the two sides have agreed to promote the exchange of scientists and •scientific material and contacts between the scientific institutions of the two countries. The Civil Air Transport Agreement incorporates the principles for the eventual operation of direct flights between the two countries. The Agreement contains articles relating to aviation security, traffic right, technical traits and overflight rights. Under the Cultural Exchange Programme, some 55 items in the fields of culture and arts, cultural heritage and archaeology, education, broadcasting, films and television, press and publications, sports and social sciences have been identified. It is expected that the development of relations between India and China in these fields will be in the fundamental interests of the peoples of both countires. Among the concrete steps being taken following the Prime Minister's visit to China are the establishment of a Joint Working Group on the boundary question and a Joint Group on Economic Relations and Trade and Science and Technology. The Joint Working Group will be headed on the Indian side by the Foreign Secretary and on the Chinese side by the Vice Foreign Minister. The Joint Group on Economic Relations and Trade and Science and Technology will be headed on the Indian side by the Commerce" Minister and on the Chinese side by the Minister for Foreign Economic Relations and Trade. Among the actions being initiated consequent to the visit are further exchanges at academic, governmental and ott er levels, which will take place in the coming weeks.

5. The boundary question between India and China is complex. Both Governments have expressed their determination to arrive at a fair, reasonable and mutual acceptable settlement of the boundary question in a realistic and positive spiftt and to make brisk progress towards the achievement of this goal.

Removal of a Passenger from the Aircraft

132. SHRI MOHINDER SINGH LATHER: Will the Minister of CIVIL AVIATION AND TOURISM be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government's attention has been drawn to the report appearing in 'the Indian Express' dated 24th January, 1989 regarding removal of a Bombay bound passenger from the aircraft for his protest against the misbehaviour of an air hostess of trie Indian Airlines flight;

(b) if so, whether Government have made any inquiry into the reported incident; and

(c) if so, what are the details thereof; stating the action taken by Government in the matter?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF CIVIL AVIATION AND TOURISM (SHRI SHIVRAJ PATIL): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c) Indian Airlines has had an investigation conducted which has revealed that on flight IC-493 on the 18th of January, 1989, a passenger on seat No. 16D complained that his seat was defective and could not be brought an upright position. Another passenger seated on seat No. 16A started shouting, misbehaving and using abusive language at the airhostess, in support of the passenger seated on seat No. 16D. "The passenger continued to be difficult. Many passengers have given statements asserting that the passenger was very unreasonable and under the influence of alcohol. The matter was reported to the Commander who attempted to pacify the passenger without success. The Commander, therefore, had no option but to off-load the passenger at Ahmcdabad. According to Indian Airlines the contention that the passenger was off-loaded because he protested against the misbehaviour of trie airiiustess is, therefore, not correct.

Indian Airlines has issued a rejoinder published in 'the Indian Express' issue of the 26th of January, 1989.